NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors

NetSol Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries

Calabasas, California

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of NetSol Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the two years in the period then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of NetSol Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the two years in

the period then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United

States of America.

Kabani & Company, Inc.

believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Los Angeles, CA September 15, 2015

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NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets As of June 30,

ASSETS	•	2015	•	2014
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,168,957	\$	11,462,695
Restricted cash		90,000		2,528,844
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of 524,565 and 1,088,172		6,480,344		5,219,275
Accounts receivable, net - related party		3,491,899		2,416,500
Revenues in excess of billings		5,267,275		2,377,367
Other current assets		2,012,190		2,857,879
Total current assets		31,510,665		26,862,560
Property and equipment, net		25,119,634		29,721,128
Intangible assets, net		22,815,467		28,803,018
Goodwill		9,516,568		9,516,568
Total assets	\$	88,962,334	\$	94,903,274
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQ	UITY			
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	5,952,561	\$	5,234,887
Current portion of loans and obligations under capitalized leases		3,896,353		5,791,258
Unearned revenues		4,897,327		3,239,852
Common stock to be issued		88,324		347,518
Total current liabilities		14,834,565		14,613,515
Long term loans and obligations under capitalized leases; less current maturities		487,492		1,532,080
Total liabilities		15,322,057		16,145,595
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 500,000 shares authorized;		-		-
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 14,500,000 shares authorized;				
10,307,826 shares issued and 10,280,547 outstanding as of June 30, 2015 and				
9,150,889 shares issued and 9,123,610 outstanding as of June 30, 2014		103,078		91,509
Additional paid-in-capital		119,209,807		115,394,097
Treasury stock (27,279 shares)		(415,425)		(415,425)
Accumulated deficit		(40,726,121)		(35,177,303)
Stock subscription receivable		(1,204,603)		(2,280,488)
Other comprehensive loss		(17,167,100)		(14,979,223)
Total NetSol stockholders' equity		59,799,636		62,633,167
Non-controlling interest		13,840,641		16,124,512
Total stockholders' equity		73,640,277		78,757,679
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	88,962,334	\$	94,903,274

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Operations For the Years Ended June 30,

	<u>-</u>	2015	_	2014
Net Revenues:				
License fees	\$	6,328,989	\$	5,433,053
Maintenance fees		12,196,073		10,034,681
Services		24,827,822		15,230,708
Maintenance fees - related party Services - related party		395,951		492,535
Total net revenues	-	7,299,743 51,048,578		5,193,826 36,384,803
Total liet levelides		31,040,370		30,304,003
Cost of revenues:				
Salaries and consultants		19,289,536		15,621,806
Travel		2,374,864		1,705,554
Depreciation and amortization		8,336,857		6,844,588
Other		3,020,107		3,548,392
Total cost of revenues		33,021,364		27,720,340
Gross profit		18,027,214		8,664,463
Operating expenses:				
Selling and marketing		6,092,530		4,572,108
Depreciation and amortization		2,006,957		1,886,148
General and administrative		14,778,641		15,046,328
Research and development cost		314,892		249,712
Total operating expenses		23,193,020		21,754,296
Loss from operations		(5,165,806)		(13,089,833)
Other income and (expenses)				
Loss on sale of assets		(64,598)		(229,805)
Interest expense		(166,962)		(255,677)
Interest income		331,432		261,251
Gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange transactions		(453,770)		50,777
Share of net loss from equity investment		-		(545,483)
Other income		684,030		50,578
Total other income (expenses)		330,132		(668,359)
Net loss before income taxes	-	(4,835,674)		(13,758,192)
Income tax provision		(413,498)		(338,282)
Net loss from continuing operations		(5,249,172)		(14,096,474)
Income from discontinued operations				1,158,752
Net loss		(5,249,172)		(12,937,722)
Non-controlling interest		(299,646)		1,581,675
Net loss attributable to NetSol	\$	(5,548,818)	\$	(11,356,047)
Amount attributable to NetSol common shareholders:				
Loss from continuing operations	\$	(5,548,818)	\$	(12,514,799)
Income from discontinued operations		-		1,158,752
Net loss	\$	(5,548,818)	\$	(11,356,047)
Net loss per share:				
Net loss per share from continuing operations:				
Basic	\$	(0.57)	\$	(1.38)
Diluted	\$	(0.57)	\$	(1.38)
Net income per share from discontinued operations:				
Basic	\$	-	\$	0.13
Diluted	\$	-	\$	0.13
Net loss per common share				
Basic	\$	(0.57)	\$	(1.25)
Diluted	\$	(0.57)	\$	(1.25)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		, ,		, ,
Basic		9,728,122		9,063,345
Diluted	-	9,728,122		9,063,345
	_	-,,	_	-,,

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the Years Ended June 30,

	For the Year					
		Ended June 30,				
		2015 2014				
Net loss	\$	(5,548,818)	\$	(11,356,047)		
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Translation adjustment		(3,239,086)		1,129,441		
Comprehensive income (loss)		(8,787,904)		(10,226,606)		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest		(1,051,209)		394,552		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to NetSol	\$	(7,736,695)	\$	(10,621,158)		

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	Common	Stock	Additional Paid-in	Treasury	Accumulated	Stock Sub- scriptions	Shares to	Other Compre- hensive	Non Controlling	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Shares	Deficit	Receivable	be Issued	Loss	Interest	Equity
Balance at										_
June 30, 2013	8,929,523	\$89,295	\$114,292,510	\$ (415,425)	\$ (23,821,256)	\$ (2,280,488)	\$ -	\$ (15,714,112)	\$ 17,271,263	89,421,787
Exercise of common										_
stock options	112,793	1,129	708,306	-	-	-	-	-	-	709,435
Exercise of subsidiary common										_
stock options	-	-	(823,048)	-	-	-	-	-	1,179,077	356,029
Common stock issued for:										_
Services	81,573	815	816,602	-	-	-	259,193	-	-	1,076,610
Common stock issued for:										_
accounts payable	27,000	270	209,790	-	-	-	-	-	-	210,060
Equity component shown as										
current liability at										_
June 30, 2013	-	-	-	-	-	-	88,325	-	-	_
June 30, 2014	-	-	-	-	-	-	(347,518)	-	-	(347,518)
Fair value										_
of options issued	-	-	189,937	-	-	-	-	-	-	189,937
Acquisition of non controlling										_
interest in subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(95,254)	(95,254)
Dividend										_
to non controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,008,543)	(1,008,543)
Adjustment of financing cost	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of subsidiary									(34,908)	(34,908)
Foreign currency										
translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	734,889	394,552	1,129,441
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(11,356,047)	-	-		(1,581,675)	(12,937,722)
Balance at										
June 30, 2014	9,150,889	\$91,509	\$115,394,097	\$ (415,425)	\$ (35,177,303)	\$ (2,280,488)	\$ -	\$ (14,979,223)	\$ 16,124,512	\$ 78,757,679

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

			Additional			Stock Sub-		Other Compre-	Non	Total
	Commo	n Stock	Paid-in	Treasury	Accumulated	scriptions	Shares to	hensive	Controlling	Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Shares	Deficit	Receivable	be Issued	Loss	Interest	Equity
Balance at										_
June 30, 2014	9,150,889	\$ 91,509	\$ 115,394,097	\$ (415,425)	\$ (35,177,303)	\$ (2,280,488)	\$ -	\$ (14,979,223)	\$ 16,124,512	78,757,679
Exercise of common										
stock options	49,329	493	190,907	-	-	-	-	-	-	191,400
Exercise of subsidiary common										
stock options	-	-	(16,079)	-	-	-	-	-	28,264	12,185
Common stock issued for:										
Cash	743,107	7,430	2,352,100	-	-	(64,931)		-	-	2,294,599
Services	364,501	3,646	1,472,062	-	-	158,635	(259,194)	-	-	1,375,149
Equity component shown as										
current liability at										
June 30, 2014	-	-	-	-	-	-	347,518	-	-	347,518
June 30, 2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	(88,324)	-	-	(88,324)
Fair value										
of options issued	-	-	622,488	-	-	-	-	-	-	622,488
Acquisition of non controlling										
interest in subsidiary	-	-	176,413	-	-	-	-	-	(753,635)	(577,222)
Dividend										
to non controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(806,937)	(806,937)
Adjustment in subscription										
receivable	-	-	(982,181)	-	-	982,181	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency										
translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,187,877)	(1,051,209)	(3,239,086)
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(5,548,818)	-	-		299,646	(5,249,172)
Balance at										
June 30, 2015	10,307,826	\$ 103,078	\$119,209,807	\$ (415,425)	\$ (40,726,121)	\$ (1,204,603)	\$ -	\$ (17,167,100)	\$ 13,840,641	\$ 73,640,277

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30,

	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (5,249,172)	\$ (12,937,722)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	10,343,814	8,730,736
Provision for bad debts	(434,928)	1,023,796
Share of net loss from investment under equity method	-	545,483
Loss on sale of assets	64,598	229,805
Gain on sale of subsidiary	-	(1,870,871)
Stock issued for services	1,375,149	1,076,610
Fair market value of warrants and stock options granted	622,488	189,937
Impairment of goodwill	-	136,762
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(871,959)	7,094,977
Accounts receivable - related party	(1,179,931)	(309,773)
Revenues in excess of billing	(3,013,730)	12,825,849
Other current assets	580,618	216,357
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	726,700	1,060,832
Unearned revenue	2,114,635	622,124
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,078,282	18,634,902
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(3,558,712)	(13,236,136)
Sales of property and equipment	1,102,615	88,641
Sale of subsidiary	-	1,810,700
Purchase of non-controlling interest in subsidiaries	(577,222)	(17,852)
Increase in intangible assets		(3,385,151)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,033,319)	(14,739,798)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of common stock	2,294,599	-
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and warrants	191,400	709,435
Proceeds from exercise of subsidiary options	12,185	356,029
Restricted cash	2,438,844	(653,607)
Dividend paid by subsidiary to Non controlling interest	(806,937)	(1,008,543)
Proceeds from bank loans	1,410,313	3,244,382
Payments on capital lease obligations and loans - net	(4,079,174)	(2,880,840)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,461,230	(233,144)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(799,931)	(73,583)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,706,262	3,588,377
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	11,462,695	7,874,318
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 14,168,957	\$ 11,462,695

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30,

	For the Year Ended June 30.			
		2015	2014	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:				
Cash paid during the period for:				
Interest	\$	162,904	\$	325,691
Taxes	\$	503,924	\$	402,482
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Stock is sued for the payment of vendors	\$		\$	210,060
Adjustment of uncollectable subscription receivable with additional paid in capital	\$	982,181	\$	-

June 30, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

NetSol Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"), formerly known as NetSol International, Inc. and Mirage Holdings, Inc., was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on March 18, 1997. During November 1998, Mirage Collections, Inc., a wholly owned and non-operating subsidiary, was dissolved.

The Company designs, develops, markets, and exports proprietary software products to customers in the automobile finance and leasing, banking, healthcare, and financial services industries worldwide. The Company also provides system integration, consulting, IT products and services in exchange for fees from customers.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(A) Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company as follows:

Wholly-owned Subsidiaries

NetSol Technologies Americas, Inc. ("NTA")

NetSol Technologies Limited ("NetSol UK")

NetSol Technologies Australia Pty Limited ("NetSol Australia")

NetSol Technologies Europe Limited ("NTE")

NTPK (Thailand) Co. Limited ("NTPK Thailand")

NetSol Technologies Thailand Limited ("NetSol Thai")

NetSol Connect (Private), Ltd. ("Connect")

NetSol Technologies (Beijing) Co. Ltd. (NetSol Beijing)

NetSol Omni (Private) Ltd. ("Omni")

NetSol Technologies (GmbH) ("NTG")

Majority-owned Subsidiaries

NetSol Technologies, Ltd. ("NetSol PK")

NetSol Innovation (Private) Limited ("NetSol Innovation")

Vroozi, Inc. ("Vroozi") – discontinued on March 31, 2014

Virtual Lease Services Holdings Limited ("VLSH")

Virtual Lease Services Limited ("VLS")

Virtual Lease Services (Ireland) Limited (VLSIL)

The Company consolidates any variable interest entities of which it is the primary beneficiary. Equity investments through which the Company exercises significant influence over but does not control the investee and is not the primary beneficiary of the investee's activities are accounted for using the equity method. Investments through which the Company is not able to exercise significant influence over the investee and which do not have readily determinable fair values are accounted for under the cost method. All material inter-company accounts have been eliminated in the consolidation.

(B) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

(C) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(D) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less which are not securing any corporate obligations.

(E) Concentration of Credit Risk

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits in accounts maintained within the United States as well as in foreign countries. Certain financial instruments, which subject the Company to concentration of credit risk, consist of cash and restricted cash. The Company maintains balances at financial institutions which, from time to time, may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limits for the banks located in the Unites States. Balances at financial institutions within certain foreign countries are not covered by insurance. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company had uninsured deposits related to cash deposits in accounts maintained within foreign entities of approximately \$8,969,443 and \$8,399,136, respectively. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

The Company's operations are carried out globally. Accordingly, the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations may be influenced by the political, economic and legal environments of each country and by the general state of the country's economy. The Company's operations in each foreign country are subject to specific considerations and significant risks not typically associated with companies in economically developed nations. These include risks associated with, among others, the political, economic and legal environments and foreign currency exchange. The Company's results may be adversely affected by changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion and remittance abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things.

(F) Restricted Cash

The Company has certificates of deposits ("CDs") in various configurations and maturity dates with Habib American Bank. A portion of these CDs are restricted as collateral to secure outstanding balances on an existing line of credit, and become unrestricted to the extent that they are not required for collateralization purposes. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, the outstanding balance on the line of

credit was \$nil and \$1,990,984, respectively, with a corresponding restriction to the CDs balances. The line of credit had a maximum available balance of \$2,000,000.

In addition, the Company has placed \$90,000 in a savings account with HSBC as collateral against a standby letter of credit issued by the bank in favor of the landlord for office space.

One of the Company's subsidiary also has certificates of deposits with Habib American Bank. These CDs are restricted as collateral to secure outstanding balances on an existing line of credit, and become unrestricted to the extent that they are not required for collateralization purposes. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, the outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$nil and \$447,860, respectively, with a corresponding restriction to the CDs balances. The line of credit had a maximum available balance of \$500,000.

(G) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses inherent in its accounts receivable portfolio. In establishing the required allowance, management regularly reviews the composition of accounts receivable and analyzes customer credit worthiness, customer concentrations, current economic trends and changes in customer payment patterns. Reserves are recorded primarily on a specific identification basis. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company had recorded allowance for doubtful accounts of \$524,565 and \$1,088,172, respectively.

(H) Revenues in Excess of Billings

Revenues in excess of billings represent the total of the project to be billed to the customer over the revenues recognized per US GAAP. As the customers are billed under the terms of their contract, the corresponding amount is transferred from this account to "Accounts Receivable."

(I) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to earnings as incurred; additions, renewals and betterments are capitalized. When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and any gain or loss is included in operations. Depreciation is computed using various methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from three to twenty years. Following is the summery of estimated useful lives of the assets:

Category	Estimated Useful Life
Computer Equipment	3 to 5 Years
Office furniture and equipment:	5 to 10 Years
Building	20 Years
Autos	5 Years
Assets under capital leases	3 to 10 Years
Improvements	5 to 10 Years

The Company capitalizes costs of materials, consultants, and payroll and payroll-related costs for employees incurred in developing internal-use computer software. These costs are included with "Computer equipment and software."

(J) Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company tests long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable through the estimated undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the assets. Whenever any such impairment exists, an impairment loss will be recognized for the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value.

(K) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of product licenses, renewals, enhancements, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, and customer lists. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the estimated useful life and are evaluated for impairment at least on an annual basis and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The Company assesses recoverability by determining whether the carrying value of such assets will be recovered through the discounted expected future cash flows. If the future discounted cash flows are less than the carrying amount of these assets, the Company recognizes an impairment loss based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of the assets.

(L) Software Development Costs

Costs incurred to internally develop computer software products or to enhance an existing product are recorded as research and development costs and expensed when incurred until technological feasibility for the respective product is established. Thereafter, all software development costs are capitalized and reported at the lower of unamortized cost or net realizable value. Capitalization ceases when the product or enhancement is available for general release to customers.

The Company makes on-going evaluations of the recoverability of its capitalized software projects by comparing the amount capitalized for each product to the estimated present value of expected future net income from the product. If such evaluations indicate that the unamortized software development costs exceed the present value of expected future net income, the Company writes off the amount which the unamortized software development costs exceed such present value. Capitalized and purchased computer software development costs are being amortized ratably based on the projected revenue associated with the related software or on a straight-line basis.

(M) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the aggregate purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired in a purchase businesses combination. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment on an annual basis, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of goodwill may be impaired. The goodwill impairment test is a two-step test. Under the first step, the fair value of the reporting unit is compared with its carrying value including goodwill. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, step two does not need to be performed. If the fair

value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an indication of goodwill impairment exists for the reporting unit and the enterprise must perform step two of the impairment test. Under step two, an impairment loss is recognized for any excess of the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill over the implied fair value of that goodwill. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined by allocating the fair value of the reporting unit in a manner similar to a purchase price allocation. The residual fair value after this allocation is the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill.

(N) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company applies the provisions of ASC 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures." ASC 820-10 defines fair value, and establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosures of fair value measurement that enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measures. For certain financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term debt, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their relatively short maturities. The carrying amounts of the long-term debt approximate their fair values based on current interest rates for instruments with similar characteristics.

The three levels of valuation hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Valuations consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and has the highest priority.
- Level 2: Valuations rely on quoted prices in markets that are not active or observable inputs over the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Valuations are based on prices or third party or internal valuation models that require inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement and are less observable and thus have the lowest priority.

Management analyzes all financial instruments with features of both liabilities and equity under ASC 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities From Equity" and ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." Derivative liabilities are adjusted to reflect fair value at each period end, with any increase or decrease in the fair value being recorded in results of operations as adjustments to fair value of derivatives. The effects of interactions between embedded derivatives are calculated and accounted for in arriving at the overall fair value of the financial instruments. In addition, the fair values of freestanding derivative instruments such as warrant and option derivatives are valued using the Black-Scholes model.

(O) Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from license contracts without major customization when a non-cancelable, non-contingent license agreement has been signed, delivery of the software has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collectability is probable. Revenue from the sale of licenses with major customization, modification, and development is recognized on a percentage of completion method. Revenue from the implementation of software is recognized on a percentage of completion method.

Revenue from consulting services is recognized as the services are performed for time-and-materials contracts. Revenue from training and development services is recognized as the services are performed. Revenue from maintenance agreements is recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance agreement, which in most instances is one year.

(P) Multiple Element Arrangements

The Company may enter into multiple element revenue arrangements in which a customer may purchase a number of different combinations of software licenses, consulting services, maintenance and support, as well as training and development.

Vendor specific objective evidence ("VSOE") of fair value for each element is based on the price for which the element is sold separately. The Company determines the VSOE of fair value of each element based on historical evidence of the Company's stand-alone sales of these elements to third-parties or from the stated renewal rate for the elements contained in the initial software license arrangement. When VSOE of fair value does not exist for any undelivered element, revenue is deferred until the earlier of the point at which such VSOE of fair value exists or until all elements of the arrangement have been delivered. The only exception to this guidance is when the only undelivered element is maintenance and support or other services, then the entire arrangement fee is recognized ratably over the performance period.

(Q) Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents billings in excess of revenue earned on contracts and are recognized on a pro-rata basis over the life of the contract. Unearned revenue was \$4,897,327 and \$3,239,852 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(R) Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues includes salaries and benefits for technical employees, consultant costs, amortization of capitalized computer software development costs, depreciation of computer and equipment, travel costs, and indirect costs such as rent and insurance.

(S) Advertising Costs

The Company expenses the cost of advertising as incurred. Advertising costs for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$250,801 and \$237,391, respectively.

(T) Share-Based Compensation

The Company records stock compensation in accordance with ASC 718, *Compensation – Stock Compensation*. ASC 718 requires companies to measure compensation cost for stock employee compensation at fair value at the grant date and recognize the expense over the employee's requisite service period. The Company recognizes in the statement of operations the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees and non-employees.

(U) Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is provided for deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not these items will either expire before the Company is able to realize their benefits, or that future deductibility is uncertain.

When tax returns are filed, it is highly certain that some positions taken would be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities, while others are subject to uncertainty about the merits of the position taken or the amount of the position that would be ultimately sustained. The benefit of a tax position is recognized in the financial statements in the period during which, based on all available evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including the resolution of appeals or litigation processes, if any. Tax positions taken are not offset or aggregated with other positions. Tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement with the applicable taxing authority. The portion of the benefits associated with tax positions taken that exceeds the amount measured as described above is reflected as a liability for unrecognized tax benefits in the balance sheets along with any associated interest and penalties that would be payable to the taxing authorities upon examination. Applicable interest and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits are classified as additional income taxes in the statements of operations.

(V) Foreign Currency Translation

The Company transacts business in various foreign currencies. The accounts of NetSol UK, NTE, VLSH and VLS use the British Pound; VLSIL and NTG use the Euro; NetSol PK, Connect, Omni and NetSol Innovation use Pakistan Rupees; NTPK Thailand and NetSol Thai use Thai Baht; NetSol Australia uses the Australian dollar; and NetSol Beijing uses the Chinese Yuan as the functional currencies. NetSol Technologies, Inc., and its subsidiaries, NTA and Vroozi, use the U.S. dollar as the functional currency. Consequently, revenues and expenses of operations outside the United States are translated into U.S. Dollars using average exchange rates while assets and liabilities of operations outside the United States are translated into U.S. Dollars using exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The effects of foreign currency translation adjustments are recorded to other comprehensive income. Accumulated translation losses classified as an item of accumulated other comprehensive loss in the stockholders' equity section of the consolidated balance sheets were \$17,167,100 and \$14,979,223 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of operations included NetSol's share of translation loss of \$2,187,877 and gain of \$734,889, respectively.

Net foreign exchange transaction gains (losses) included in non-operating income (expense) in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations were \$(453,770) and \$50,777 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(W) Statement of Cash Flows

The Company's cash flows from operations are calculated based upon the local currencies. As a result, amounts related to assets and liabilities reported on the statement of cash flows will not necessarily agree with changes in the corresponding balances on the consolidated balance sheet.

(X) Segment Reporting

The Company defines operating segments as components about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performances. The Company allocates its resources and assesses the performance of its sales activities based on the geographic locations of its subsidiaries (see Note 17).

(Y) Reclassifications

Certain 2014 balances have been reclassified to conform to the 2015 presentation.

(Z) New Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-08, "Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant and Equipment (Topic 360)." ASU 2014-08 amends the requirements for reporting discontinued operations and requires additional disclosures about discontinued operations. Under the new guidance, only disposals representing a strategic shift in operations or that have a major effect on the Company's operations and financial results should be presented as discontinued operations. This new accounting guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2014-08 on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In May 2014, the ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which provides a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and will supersede most current revenue recognition guidance. The standard's core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB deferred the effective date of the new revenue standard by one year, which will make it effective for the Company in the first quarter of its fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-12, Compensation — Stock Compensation (Topic 718), Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period (a

consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force) (ASU 2014-12). The guidance applies to all reporting entities that grant their employees share-based payments in which the terms of the award provide that a performance target that affects vesting could be achieved after the requisite service period. The amendments require that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. For all entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier adoption is permitted. The effective date is the same for both public business entities and all other entities. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2014-12 on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements – Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40), Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entities Ability to Continue as a Going Concern (ASU 2014-15). The guidance in ASU 2014-15 sets forth management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern as well as required disclosures. ASU 2014-15 indicates that, when preparing financial statements for interim and annual financial statements, management should evaluate whether conditions or events, in the aggregate, raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the date the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. This evaluation should include consideration of conditions and events that are either known or are reasonably knowable at the date the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued, as well as whether it is probable that management's plans to address the substantial doubt will be implemented and, if so, whether it is probable that the plans will alleviate the substantial doubt. ASU 2014-15 is effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and interim periods and annual periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-01, *Income Statement – Extraordinary and Unusual items* (Subtopic 225-20), Simplifying Income Statement Presentation by Eliminating the Concept of Extraordinary Items (ASU 2015-01). The amendment eliminates from U.S. GAAP the concept of extraordinary items. This guidance is effective for the Company in the first quarter of fiscal 2017. Early adoption is permitted and allows the Company to apply the amendment prospectively or retrospectively. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, FASB issued ASU No. 2015-02, (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis. ASU No. 2015-02 provides amendments to respond to stakeholders' concerns about the current accounting for consolidation of certain legal entities. Stakeholders expressed concerns that GAAP might require a reporting entity to consolidate another legal entity in situations in which the reporting entity's contractual rights do not give it the ability to act primarily on its own behalf, the reporting entity does not hold a majority of the legal entity's voting rights, or the reporting entity is not exposed to a majority of the legal entity's economic benefits or obligations. ASU No. 2015-02 is

effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

In April 2015, FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. ASU No. 2015-03 provides guidance that will require debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability. ASU No. 2015-03 affects disclosures related to debt issuance costs but does not affect existing recognition and measurement guidance for these items. ASU No. 2015-03 is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

In April 2015, FASB issued ASU No. 2015-05, (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangements. ASU No. 2015-05 provides guidance on a customer's accounting for fees paid in a cloud computing arrangement, which includes software as a service, platform as a service, infrastructure as a service, and other similar hosting arrangements. ASU No. 2015-05 is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

No other recently issued accounting pronouncements are expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include outstanding stock options, warrants, and stock awards. All options and warrants were excluded from the diluted loss per share calculation due to their anti-dilution effect.

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, the following potential dilutive shares were excluded from the shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

	For the Years						
	Ended June 30,						
	2015	2014					
Stock Options	708,133	257,462					
Warrants	163,124	163,124					
	871,257	420,586					

NOTE 4 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

NetSol-Innovation

In November 2004, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement with the Innovation Group called NetSol-Innovation. NetSol-Innovation provides support services to the Innovation Group. During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, NetSol Innovation provided services of \$6,043,617 and \$4,970,794, respectively. Accounts receivable at June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$3,226,733 and \$2,232,610, respectively.

Investec Asset Finance

In October 2011, NTE entered into an agreement with Investec Asset Finance to acquire VLS. NTE and VLS provide support services to Investec. During the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, NTE and VLS provided maintenance and services of \$1,652,077 and \$715,567, respectively. Accounts receivable at June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$265,166 and \$183,890, respectively.

NOTE 5 – MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company is a strategic business partner for Daimler Financial Services (which consists of a group of many companies in different countries), which accounts for approximately 12.89% and 17.42% of revenue, and The Innovation Group accounts for approximately 11.84% and 13.66% of revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Accounts receivable at June 30, 2015 for these companies were \$446,754 and \$3,226,733, respectively. Accounts receivable at June 30, 2014 for these companies were \$1,900,270, and \$2,232,610, respectively.

NOTE 6 - OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Other current assets consisted of the following:

	As	As of June 30,		of June 30,
		2015		2014
Prepaid Expenses	\$	452,314	\$	450,451
Advance Income Tax		895,075		918,300
Employee Advances		36,816		46,730
Security Deposits		195,336		189,905
Tender Money Receivable		26,435		81,420
Other Receivables		322,647		645,397
Other Assets		83,567		430,508
Due From Related Party	(1)	_		95,168
Total	\$	2,012,190	\$	2,857,879

(1) Due from related party as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 is a receivable from Atheeb NetSol Saudi Company Limited.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	A	s of June 30, 2015	As of June 30 2014		
Office Furniture and Equipment	\$	3,104,375	\$	2,628,814	
Computer Equipment		25,911,422		27,215,091	
Assets Under Capital Leases		1,887,767		1,861,445	
Building		8,743,130		6,259,290	
Land		2,451,577		3,351,316	
Capital Work In Progress		392,243		2,812,181	
Autos		943,873		999,277	
Improvements		204,779		533,102	
Subtotal		43,639,166		45,660,516	
Accumulated Depreciation		(18,519,532)		(15,939,388)	
Property and Equipment, Net	\$	25,119,634	\$	29,721,128	

For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, depreciation expense totaled \$5,671,155 and \$5,035,922, respectively. Of these amounts, \$3,888,122 and \$3,276,222 are reflected as part of cost of revenues for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The Company's capital work in progress consists of ongoing enhancements to its facilities and infrastructure as necessary to meet the Company's expected long-term growth needs. Accumulated capitalized interest was \$nil and \$664,614 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Following is a summary of fixed assets held under capital leases as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively:

	As of June 30,		As	of June 30,
	2015			2014
Computers and Other Equipment	\$	590,625	\$	731,354
Furniture and Fixtures		414,023		280,184
Vehicles		883,119		849,907
Total		1,887,767		1,861,445
Less: Accumulated Depreciation - Net		(577,215)		(469,336)
	\$	1,310,552	\$	1,392,109

NOTE 8 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consisted of the following:

	Proc	duct Licenses	Cus	stomer Lists	Te	chnology	Total
Intangible assets - June 30, 2013 - cost	\$	44,837,558	\$	6,052,378	\$	242,702	\$ 51,132,638
Additions		3,385,151		-		-	3,385,151
Deletion		(591,216)					(591,216)
Effect of translation adjustment		1,000,875		-		-	1,000,875
Accumulated amortization		(20,050,310)		(5,940,633)		(133,487)	(26,124,430)
Net balance - June 30, 2014	\$	28,582,058	\$	111,745	\$	109,215	\$ 28,803,018
Intangible Assets - June 30, 2014 - Cost	\$	48,632,368	\$	6,052,377	\$	242,702	\$ 54,927,447
Additions		-		-		-	-
Effect of Translation Adjustment		(2,325,008)		-		-	(2,325,008)
Accumulated Amortization		(23,491,893)		(6,052,377)		(242,702)	(29,786,972)
Net Balance - June 30, 2015	\$	22,815,467	\$		\$		\$ 22,815,467

(A) Product Licenses

Product licenses include internally-developed original license issues, renewals, enhancements, copyrights, trademarks, and trade names. Product licenses are amortized on a straight-line basis over their respective lives, and the unamortized amount of \$22,815,467 will be amortized over the next 8.75 years. Amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$4,448,735 and \$3,568,366, respectively.

The Company determined to discontinue marketing three products during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and fully amortized the products as of June 30, 2015. The amount of amortization related to these three products was \$1,184,959 and is recorded under cost of revenues as depreciation and amortization expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

(B) Customer Lists

Customer lists were being amortized on a straight-line basis over five years, which approximates the anticipated rate of attrition. Amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$113,243 and \$75,578, respectively.

(C) Technology

Technology assets were being amortized on a straight-line basis over five years, which approximates the anticipated rate of attrition. Amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$110,681 and \$50,870, respectively.

(D) Future Amortization

Estimated amortization expense of intangible assets over the next five years is as follows:

Year ended:	
June 30, 2016	\$ 2,804,844
June 30, 2017	2,804,844
June 30, 2018	2,804,844
June 30, 2019	2,804,844
June 30, 2020	2,804,844
Thereafter	8,791,247
	\$ 22,815,467

NOTE 9 - GOODWILL

Goodwill represents the excess of the aggregate purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired in prior period businesses combinations. Goodwill was comprised of the following amounts:

	As of June 30,	of June 30,	
	2015	2014	
NetSol PK	\$ 1,166,610	\$ 1,166,610	
NTE	3,471,814	3,471,814	
VLS	214,044	214,044	
NTA	4,664,100	4,664,100	
Total	\$ 9,516,568	\$ 9,516,568	

The Company tests for goodwill impairment at each reporting unit. There was no goodwill impairment for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Company recorded \$136,762 as goodwill impairment for the year ended June 30, 2014.

NOTE 10 - INVESTMENT UNDER EQUITY METHOD

On April 10, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement to form a joint venture with the Atheeb Trading Company, a member of the Atheeb Group ("Atheeb"). The joint venture entity Atheeb NetSol Saudi Company Ltd. ("Atheeb NetSol") is a company organized under the laws of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The venture was formed with an initial capital contribution of \$268,000 by the Company and \$266,930 by Atheeb with a profit sharing ratio of 50.1:49.9, respectively. The final formation of the company was completed on March 7, 2010. The Company had no control over the operational and financial matters of Atheeb NetSol; therefore, it was considered as an associated company and accounted for under the equity method. Due to change in foreign laws and losses the Company has withdrawn from the joint venture. As a result, the net value of the investment in the accompanying financial statements as of June 30, 2015 & 2014 was \$Nil.

NOTE 11 -ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	As	s of June 30, 2015	As of June 30, 2014		
Accounts Payable	\$	1,514,841	\$	1,642,325	
Accrued Liabilities		3,978,435		2,956,686	
Accrued Payroll		8,974		44,185	
Accrued Payroll Taxes		282,572		261,261	
Interest Payable		41,556		61,555	
Taxes Payable		22,957		165,649	
Other Payable		103,226		103,226	
Total	\$	5,952,561	\$	5,234,887	

NOTE 12 - DEBTS

Notes and leases payable consisted of the following:

		As of June 30, 2015						
		Current				Long-Term		
Name		Total		Maturities		aturities		
	-							
D&O Insurance	(1) \$	79,872	\$	79,872	\$	-		
Habib Bank Line of Credit	(2)	-		-		-		
Bank Overdraft Facility	(3)	-		-		-		
HSBC Loan	(4)	447,161		322,349		124,812		
Term Finance Facility	(5)	-		-		-		
Loan Payable Bank	(6)	2,892,961	2	2,892,961		-		
Loan From Related Party	(7)	129,979		129,979				
		3,549,973	- (3,425,161		124,812		
Subsidiary Capital Leases	(8)	833,872		471,192		362,680		
	\$	4,383,845	\$.	3,896,353	\$	487,492		

		As of June 30, 2014						
			Current	Long-Term				
Name		Total	Maturities	Maturities				
	_							
D&O Insurance	(1) \$	54,547	\$ 54,547	\$ -				
Habib Bank Line of Credit	(2)	2,438,844	2,438,844	-				
Bank Overdraft Facility	(3)	-	-	-				
HSBC Loan	(4)	835,899	346,138	489,761				
Term Finance Facility	(5)	632,527	253,011	379,516				
Loan Payable Bank	(6)	2,024,087	2,024,087	-				
Loan From Related Party	(7)	322,600.00	194,740.00	127,860.00				
		6,308,504	5,311,367	997,137				
Subsidiary Capital Leases	(8)	1,014,834	479,891	534,943				
	\$	7,323,338	\$ 5,791,258	\$ 1,532,080				

(1) The Company finances Directors' and Officers' ("D&O") liability insurance as well as Errors and Omissions ("E&O") liability insurance, for which the total balances are renewed on an annual basis

and as such are recorded in current maturities. The interest rate on the insurance financing was 0.49% and 0.55% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

- (2) In April 2008, the Company entered into an agreement with Habib American Bank to secure a line of credit to be collateralized by certificates of deposit held at the bank. The interest rate on this line of credit is variable and was 1.5% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In June 2012, the Company's subsidiary, NTA, entered into an agreement with Habib American Bank to secure a line of credit up to \$500,000 to be collateralized by certificates of deposit of the same value held at the bank. The interest rate on this line of credit is variable and was 1.9% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Combined interest expense for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$8,658 and \$35,764, respectively.
- (3) During the year ended June 30, 2008, the Company's subsidiary, NTE entered into an overdraft facility with HSBC Bank plc whereby the bank would cover any overdrafts up to £300,000, or approximately \$471,550. The annual interest rate was 4.75% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

This overdraft facility requires that the aggregate amount of invoiced trade debtors (net of provisions for bad and doubtful debts and excluding intra-group debtors) of NTE, not exceeding 90 days old, will not be less than an amount equal to 200% of the facility. As of June 30, 2015, NTE was in compliance with this covenant.

(4) In October 2011, the Company's subsidiary, NTE, entered into a loan agreement with HSBC Bank to finance the acquisition of 51% of a controlling interest in Virtual Leasing Services Limited. HSBC Bank guaranteed the loan up to a limit of £1,000,000, or approximately \$1,571,833 for a period of 5 years with monthly payments of £18,420, or approximately \$28,953. The interest rate was 4% which is 3.5% above the bank sterling base rate. The loan is securitized against debenture comprising of fixed and floating charges over all the assets and undertakings of NTE including all present and future freehold and leasehold property, book and other debts, chattels, goodwill and uncalled capital, both present and future. Interest expense for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$47,255 and \$70,667, respectively.

This facility requires that NTE's adjusted tangible net worth would not be less than £600,000. For this purpose, adjusted tangible net worth means shareholders' funds less intangible assets plus non-redeemable preference shares. In addition, NTE's cash debt service coverage would not fall below 150% of the aggregate debt service cost. As of June 30, 2015, NTE was in compliance with this covenant.

(5) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, entered into two different term finance facilities from Askari Bank to finance the construction of a new building. The total aggregate amount of these facilities is Rs. 112,500,000, or approximately \$1,084,860 (secured by the first charge of Rs. 580 million or approximately \$5.59 million over the land, building and equipment of NetSol PK). The interest rate was 9.79% and 12.39% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, which is 2.75% above the six-month Karachi Inter Bank Offering Rate. During the year ended June 30, 2015, NetSol PK paid off the complete liability against this financing.

(6) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, has an export refinance facility with Askari Bank Limited, secured by NetSol PK's assets. This is a revolving loan that matures every six months. Total facility amount is Rs. 300,000,000 or \$2,892,961. The interest rate for the loans was 7.5% and 9.4% at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$146,264 and \$169,795, respectively.

Both term and export refinance facilities from Askari Bank Limited amounting to Rupees 300 million (\$2.89 million) require NetSol PK to maintain a long term debt equity ratio of 60:40 and the current ratio of 1:1. As of June 30, 2015, NetSol PK was in compliance with this covenant.

(7) In October 2013, the Company's subsidiary, NTE, entered into a loan agreement with Investec, a related party, to finance VLS. The loan amount was £100,000, or approximately \$157,183, for a period of 1 year with monthly payments of £8,676, or approximately \$13,637. The interest rate was 4.1%. As of June 30, 2015, NTE has paid the loan in full.

In March 2014, the Company's subsidiary, VLS, entered into a loan agreement with Investec. The loan amount was £150,000, or approximately \$235,775, for a period of two years with annual payments of £75,000, or approximately \$117,887. The interest rate was 3.13%. As of June 30, 2015, VLS has used this facility up to \$129,979 including interest due, and was shown as a current maturity.

The following table represents future payments of loans described in the above sub notes 1 to 7

	As	of June 30,
	<u></u>	2015
Loan Payments		
Due FYE 6/30/16	\$	3,425,161
Due FYE 6/30/17		124,812
Total Loan Payments		3,549,973
Less: Current portion		(3,425,161)
Non-Current portion	\$	124,812

(8) The Company leases various fixed assets under capital lease arrangements expiring in various years through 2018. The assets and liabilities under capital leases are recorded at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are depreciated over the lesser of their related lease terms or their estimated useful lives and are secured by the assets themselves. Depreciation of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Following is the aggregate minimum future lease payments under capital leases for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Amount
Minimum Lease Payments	
Due FYE 6/30/16	\$ 531,827
Due FYE 6/30/17	307,563
Due FYE 6/30/18	76,621
Total Minimum Lease Payments	916,011
Interest Expense relating to future periods	(82,139)
Present Value of minimum lease payments	833,872
Less: Current portion	 (471,192)
Non-Current portion	\$ 362,680

NOTE 13 - INCOME TAXES

The Company is incorporated in the State of Nevada and registered to do business in the State of California. The following is a breakdown of income before the provision for income taxes:

Consolidated pre-tax income (loss) consists of the following:

	 Years Ended June 30,				
	 2015		2014		
US operations	\$ (3,621,392)	\$	(3,478,331)		
Foreign operations	 (1,927,426)		(10,279,861)		
	\$ (5,548,818)	\$	(13,758,192)		

The components of the provision for income taxes are as follows:

	Years Ended June 30,				
	2015		2014		
Current:	_		_		
Federal	\$ -	\$	-		
State and Local	-		-		
Foreign	413,498		338,282		
Deferred:					
Federal	-		-		
State and Local	-		-		
Foreign	 				
Provision for income taxes	\$ 413,498	\$	338,282		

A reconciliation of taxes computed at the statutory federal income tax rate to income tax expense (benefit) is as follows:

	Years Ended June 30,					
		2015			2014	
Income tax (benefit) provision at statutory rate	\$	(1,886,598)	34.0%	\$	(4,677,785)	34.0%
State income (benefit) taxes, net of federal tax benefit		(323,496)	5.8%		(67,583)	0.5%
Foreign earnings taxed at different rates		2,364,070	-42.6%		2,223,746	-16.2%
Change in valuation allowance for deferred tax assets		371,798	-6.7%		2,584,235	-18.8%
Share of net (income) loss in equity method investee		-	0.0%		217,266	-1.6%
Other		(112,276)	2.02%		58,403	-0.4%
Provision for income taxes	\$	413,498	-7.5%	\$	338,282	-2.5%

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 consist of tax effects of temporary differences related to the following:

	 Years Ended June 30,					
	2015	_	2014			
Net operating loss carry forwards	\$ 14,066,927	\$	13,947,156			
Other	468,733	_	216,706			
Net deferred tax assets	14,535,660		14,163,862			
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	(14,535,660)	_	(14,163,862)			
Net deferred tax assets	\$ _	\$	_			

The Company has established a full valuation allowance as management believes it is more likely than not that these assets will not be realized in the future. The valuation allowance increased by \$371,798 for the year ended June 30, 2015 mainly due to adjusting the Company's net operating loss carry forwards for the current year operating loss.

At June 30, 2015, federal and state net operating loss carry forwards in the United States of America were \$36,386,741 and \$6,414,294, respectively. Federal net operating loss carry forwards begin to expire in 2020, while state net operating loss carry forwards are expiring each year. Due to both historical and recent changes in the capitalization structure of the Company, the utilization of net operating losses may be limited pursuant to section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. Net operating losses related to foreign entities were \$4,657,426 at June 30, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company does not have any unrecognized tax benefits related to various federal and state income tax matters. The Company will recognize accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense.

The Company is subject to U.S. federal income tax, as well as various state and foreign jurisdictions. The Company is currently open to audit under the statute of limitations by the federal and state

jurisdictions for the years ending June 30, 2012 through 2014. The Company does not anticipate any material amount of unrecognized tax benefits within the next 12 months.

The cumulative amount of undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries that the Company intends to permanently invest and upon which no deferred US income taxes have been provided is \$28,046,265 as of June 30, 2015. The additional US income tax on unremitted foreign earnings, if repatriated, would be offset in part by foreign tax credits. The extent of this offset would depend on many factors, including the method of distribution, and specific earnings distributed. The Company determined that it is not practicable to determine unrecognized deferred tax liability associated with the unremitted earnings attributable to the foreign subsidiaries.

NOTE 14 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company issued 152,500 and 65,000 restricted shares of common stock, respectively, for services rendered by officers of the Company. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$699,000 and \$663,350, respectively, and recorded as compensation expense in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company issued 41,726 and 5,173 restricted shares of common stock, for services rendered by the independent members of the Board of Directors as part of their board compensation. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$173,633 and \$55,249, and recorded as compensation expense in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company issued 170,275 and 9,000 restricted shares of common stock, respectively, to employees pursuant to the terms of their employment agreements. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$603,075 and \$81,394, respectively, and recorded as compensation expense in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

During the years ended June 30, 2014, the Company issued 2,400 restricted shares of common stock for services performed by unrelated consultants. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$17,424, respectively, and recorded as general and administrative costs in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Company issued 27,000 shares of its common stock for the settlement of a payable to a related party valued at \$210,060.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Company received \$2,359,530 pursuant to a stock purchase agreement for the purchase of 743,107 restricted shares of common stock at price ranging from \$2.85 to \$4.46 per share.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Company received \$191,400 pursuant to a stock option agreement for the exercise of 49,329 restricted shares of common stock at price of \$3.88 per share.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Company determined that certain subscription receivables related to stock issuances in previous years were deemed uncollectible and reduced the subscription receivable account \$982,181 with a corresponding entry to additional-paid-in-capital.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Company determined that certain subscription receivables related to the exercise of stock options were deemed uncollectible and reduced the subscription receivable account by \$158,635 with a corresponding entry to compensation expense.

NOTE 15 – STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The Company maintains several Incentive and Non-Statutory Stock Option Plans ("Plans") for its employees and consultants. Options granted under these Plans to an employee of the Company become exercisable over a period of no longer than ten (10) years and no less than twenty percent (20%) of the shares are exercisable annually. Options are not exercisable, in whole or in part, prior to one (1) year from the date of grant unless the board of directors specifically determines otherwise, as provided.

Two types of options may be granted under these Plans: (1) Incentive Stock Options (also known as Qualified Stock Options) which may only be issued to employees of the Company and whereby the exercise price of the option is not less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date it was reserved for issuance under the Plan; and (2) Non-statutory Stock Options which may be issued to either employees or consultants of the Company and whereby the exercise price of the option is less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date it was reserved for issuance under the plan. Grants of options may be made to employees and consultants without regard to any performance measures. All options issued pursuant to the Plan are nontransferable and subject to forfeiture.

In May 2015, the shareholders approved the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2015 Plan") which provides for the grant of equity-based awards, including options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards or performance share awards or any other right or interest relating to shares or cash, to eligible participants. The aggregate number of shares reserved and available for award under the 2015 Plan was 1,250,000. The 2015 Plan contemplates the issuance of common stock upon exercise of options or other awards granted to eligible persons under the 2015 Plan. Shares issued under the 2015 Plan may be both authorized and unissued shares or previously issued shares acquired by the Company. Upon termination or expiration of an unexercised option, stock appreciation right or other stock-based award under the 2015 Plan, in whole or in part, the number of shares of common stock subject to such award again becomes available for grant under the 2015 Plan. Any shares of restricted stock forfeited as described below will become available for grant. The maximum number of shares that may be granted to any one participant in any calendar year may not exceed 50,000 shares. All options issued pursuant to the Plan are nontransferable and subject to forfeiture.

Options granted under the 2015 Plan are not generally transferable and must be exercised within 10 years, subject to earlier termination upon termination of the option holder's employment, but in no event later than the expiration of the option's term. The exercise price of each option may not be less than the fair market value of a share of the Company's common stock on the date of grant (except in connection with the assumption or substitution for another option in a manner qualifying under Section 424(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Incentive stock options granted to any participant who owns 10% or more of the Company's outstanding common stock (a "Ten Percent

Shareholder") must have an exercise price equal to or exceeding 110% of the fair market value of a share of our common stock on the date of the grant and must not be exercisable for longer than five years. Options become vested and exercisable at such times or upon such events and subject to such terms, conditions, performance criteria or restrictions as specified by the Committee. The maximum term of any option granted under the 2015 Plan is ten years, provided that an incentive stock option granted to a Ten Percent Shareholder must have a term not exceeding five years.

Under the 2015 Plan, a participant may also be awarded a "performance award," which means that the participant may receive cash, stock or other awards contingent upon achieving performance goals established by the Committee. The Committee may also make "deferred share" awards, which entitle the participant to receive the Company's stock in the future for services performed between the date of the award and the date the participant may receive the stock. The vesting of deferred share awards may be based on performance criteria and/or continued service with the Company. A participant who is granted a "stock appreciation right" under the Plan has the right to receive all or a percentage of the fair market value of a share of stock on the date of exercise of the stock appreciation right minus the grant price of the stock appreciation right determined by the Committee (but in no event less than the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant). Finally, the Committee may make "restricted stock" awards under the 2015 Plan, which are subject to such terms and conditions as the Committee determines and as are set forth in the award agreement related to the restricted stock. As of June 30, 2015, no shares were issued under this plan to non-officer employees.

A summary of option and warrant activity for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 is presented below:

OPTIONS:

Average Remaining Weighted Ave Contractual Aggrega # of shares Exericse Price Life (in years) Intrinsic V	
Weighted Ave Contractual Aggrega	
•	
	,125
Granted 612,793 \$4.32	
Exercised (112,793) \$6.29	
Expired / Cancelled (54,000) \$32.92	
Outstanding June 30, 2014 757,462 \$6.65 2.2 \$	-
Granted	
Exercised (49,329) \$3.88	
Expired / Cancelled	
Outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2015 708,133 \$6.84 1.22 \$ 572	,352
WARRANTS:	
Outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2013 163,124 \$7.29 3.19 \$ 451	,519
Granted / adjusted	
Exercised	
Expired	
Outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2014 163,124 \$7.29 2.2 \$	
Granted / adjusted	
Exercised	
Expired	
Outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2015 163,124 \$7.29 1.22 \$	_

The following table summarizes information about stock options and warrants outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2015:

		Weighted				
	Number	Average	Weighted			
	Outstanding	Remaining	Ave			
	and	Contractual	Exericse			
Exercise Price	Exercisable	Life	Price			
OPTIONS:						
\$0.10 - \$9.90	634,133	1.27	\$ 4.84			
\$10.00 - \$19.90	14,000	0.63	\$ 18.18			
\$20.00 - \$29.90	60,000	0.84	\$ 25.33			
Totals	708,133	1.22	\$ 6.84			
WARRANTS:						
\$5.00 - \$7.50	163,124	1.22	\$ 7.29			
Totals	163,124	1.22	\$ 7.29			

The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of options granted using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model for options granted during the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Risk-free interest rate	-	0.05% - 0.47%
Expected life	-	1 month - 10 years
Expected volatility	-	17.5% - 57.88%
Expected dividend	-	0%

The weighted average grant-date fair value for the options granted during the year ended June 30, 2014, was \$1.32.

The Company recorded compensation expense of \$622,490 and \$189,937 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The following table summarizes stock grants awarded as compensation:

		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
	# of shares	(\$)
Unvested, June 30, 2013	-	-
Granted	337,899	\$5.78
Vested	(105,899)	\$10.00
Unvested, June 30, 2014	232,000	\$3.88
Granted	113,275	\$3.26
Vested	(338,608)	\$3.60
Unvested, June 30, 2015	6,667	\$6.00

For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded compensation expense of \$1,475,707 and \$1,059,186, respectively. The compensation expense related to the unvested stock grants as of June 30, 2015 was \$40,000 which will be recognized over the weighted average period of 1 year.

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(A) Non-cancellable operating leases

• The Company's headquarters is located in Calabasas California with approximately 7,210 rentable square feet for \$22,456 per month. The term of the lease is for five years and five months and expires August 31, 2017. A \$23,821 security deposit is included in other current assets in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

- The Australia lease is a two-year lease that expires in March 2016 with a monthly rent of approximately \$8,437.
- The Beijing lease is a three-year lease that expires in January 2017 with a monthly rent of approximately \$13,725.
- The Bangkok lease is a three years lease expiring in November 2016 with monthly rent of approximately \$8,887.
- The NetSol Europe facilities, located in Horsham, United Kingdom, are leased until June 23, 2021 with an annual rent of approximately \$110,022.
- VLS facilities, located in Chester, United Kingdom, are leased until July 2016 with an annual rent of approximately \$33,401.
- NTA facilities are located in Alameda, California with a monthly rent of \$8,381. The Alameda lease expired in November 2014, which has been renewed through December 2017.
- The NetSol Karachi office lease expires in November 2019 and currently is rented at the rate of approximately \$7,714 per month.

Upon expiration of the leases, the Company does not anticipate any difficulty in obtaining renewals or alternative space. Rent expense amounted to \$1,524,677 and \$1,617,598 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The total annual lease commitment for the next five years is as follows:

FYE 6/30/16	\$ 971,890
FYE 6/30/17	751,488
FYE 6/30/18	394,212
FYE 6/30/19	202,593
FYE 6/30/20	148.593

(B) Litigation

As previously disclosed, on July 25, 2014, purported class action lawsuits were filed in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California against the Company and three of its current or former officers and/or directors, which have been consolidated under the caption *Rand-Heart of New York, Inc. v. NetSol Technologies, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 2:14-cv-05787 PA (SHx). Plaintiffs subsequently filed a consolidated complaint, which asserted claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 premised on allegedly false and misleading statements regarding the Company's next generation product, NFS Ascent, and whether it was truly available on a global basis when stated. After several successful motions by the Company, the Court granted the plaintiff a final opportunity to amend the complaint on a narrowed basis. The amended complaint was filed which contained a much narrowed class period from October 2013 to November 8, 2013, eliminated all but one of the individual defendants from the suit, and limited the scope of the alleged claims. The Company has filed an answer to this final amended complaint.

The Company continues to believe the amended allegations are meritless and intends to vigorously defend all claims asserted. The Company has engaged counsel and has liability insurance. Given the early stage of the litigation, however, at this time the Company is unable to form a professional judgment that an unfavorable outcome is either probable or remote, and it is not possible to assess

whether or not the outcome of these proceedings will or will not have a material adverse effect on the Company.

NOTE 17 - SEGMENT INFORMATION AND GEOGRAPHIC AREAS

The Company has identified three global regions or segments for its products and services; North America, Europe, and Asia-Pacific. The reportable segments are business units located in different global regions. Each business unit provides similar products and services; license fees for leasing and asset-based software, related maintenance fees, and implementation and IT consulting services. Separate management of each segment is required because each business unit is subject to operational issues and strategies unique to their particular regional location. We account for intercompany sales and expenses as if the sales or expenses were to third parties and eliminate them in consolidation.

The following table presents a summary of identifiable assets as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	As of June 30,		A	s of June 30,
	2015			2014
Identifiable assets:				
Corporate headquarters	\$	4,896,334	\$	5,150,823
North America		7,162,846		7,406,631
Europe		6,631,945		6,169,265
Asia - Pacific		70,271,209		76,176,555
Consolidated	\$	88,962,334	\$	94,903,274

The following table presents a summary of operating information for the years ended June 30:

		2015		2014
Revenues from unaffiliated customers:				
North America	\$	5,535,183	\$	4,729,908
Europe		5,707,127		5,813,744
Asia - Pacific		32,110,574		20,154,790
		43,352,884		30,698,442
Revenue from affiliated customers				
Europe		1,652,077		715,567
Asia - Pacific		6,043,617		4,970,794
		7,695,694		5,686,361
Consolidated	\$	51,048,578	\$	36,384,803
Intercompany revenue				
Europe	\$	302,812	\$	490,888
Asia - Pacific		4,620,426		3,680,292
Eliminated	\$	4,923,238	\$	4,171,180
Not in some (loss) after taxes and before non-controlling interest.				
Net income (loss) after taxes and before non-controlling interest: Corporate headquarters	\$	(4,306,400)	\$	(4,372,278)
North America	Ψ	685,008	Ψ	893,947
Europe		(767,103)		(2,078,631)
Asia - Pacific		(860,677)		(8,539,512)
Discontinued operation		(000,077)		1,158,752
Consolidated	\$	(5,249,172)	\$	(12,937,722)
Consolidated	Ψ	(3,21),172)	<u> </u>	(12,737,722)
Depreciation and amortization:				
Corporate headquarters	\$	16,148	\$	47,932
North America		165,240		100,875
Europe		665,826		854,163
Asia - Pacific		9,496,600		7,727,766
Consolidated	\$	10,343,814	\$	8,730,736
Interest expense:				
Corporate headquarters	\$	13,783	\$	34,461
North America		1,588		6,916
Europe		52,926		164,569
Asia - Pacific		98,665		49,731
Consolidated	\$	166,962	\$	255,677
Income tay expense:				
Income tax expense:	\$	1 244	\$	7 208
Europe Asia - Pacific	Ф	1,244 412,254	Φ	7,298 330,984
Asia - Pacific Consolidated	•	412,254	Φ	330,984
Consolidated	\$	413,498	\$	338,282

The following table presents a summary of capital expenditures for the years ended June 30:

	2015		2014
Capital expenditures:			
Corporate headquarters	\$	3,439	\$ 4,531
North America		47,497	16,387
Europe		140,870	523,189
Asia - Pacific		3,366,906	 12,692,029
Consolidated	\$	3,558,712	\$ 13,236,136

Geographic Information

North America:

Europe: Asia-Pacific:

Total

4,729,909 \$

9.924.993

6,529,311

25,125,583

Disclosed in the table below is geographic information for each country that comprised greater than five percent of total revenues for the years ended June 30 2015 and 2014.

	June 3	015	June 30, 2014				
	 Revenue	L	Long-lived Assets	Revenue	Long-lived Assets		
China	\$ 15,119,518	\$	27,453	\$ 9,924,993	\$	10,420	
Thailand	4,842,577		123,097	3,833,442		612,189	
USA	7,190,905		4,715,670	6,205,706		4,982,884	
UK	10,641,565		4,075,864	8,745,813		4,689,185	
Pakistan & India	1,868,090		48,457,329	1,278,860		57,717,521	
Australia & New Zealand	2,672,265		37,303	1,960,661		28,515	
Mexico	1,202,832		-	1,133,492		-	
Indonesia	5,212,919		-	-		-	
Other Countries	2,297,907		14,953.00	3,301,836			
Total	\$ 51,048,578	\$	57,451,669	\$ 36,384,803	\$	68,040,714	

Disclosed in the table below is the reconciliation of revenue from un-affiliated parties by each entity and country disclosed above for the years ended June 30 2015 and 2014.

										Revenues	2015						
											Pakistan &	A	Australia &				
		Total		China		Thailand		USA		UK	India	N	ew Zealand	Mexico	Indonesia	Othe	r Countries
North America:	\$	5,535,183	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,332,351	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$1,202,832	\$ -	\$	_
Europe:	Ψ	7,375,527	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-,552,551	Ψ	7,094,304	Ψ -	Ψ	-	φ 1,202,032	-	Ψ	281,223
Asia-Pacific:		38,137,868		15,119,518		4,842,577		2,858,554		3,547,261	1,868,090		2,672,265	=	5,212,919		2,016,684
Total	\$	51,048,578	\$	15,119,518	\$	4,842,577	\$	7,190,905	\$	10,641,565	\$1,868,090	\$	2,672,265	\$1,202,832	\$5,212,919	\$	2,297,907
										Revenues	2014						
		Total		China		Thailand		USA		UK	Pakistan & India		Australia & ew Zealand	Mexico	Indonesia	Othe	r Countries

2,609,289

3,833,442 3,833,442 6,529,311

2,216,502

1,278,860

1.960.661

3,301,836

NOTE 18 – DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On March 31, 2014, the Company sold 100% of its stock in Vroozi, Inc. for a purchase price of \$2,716,050 consisting of \$1,810,700 cash, a \$452,675 non-interest bearing note receivable due September 30, 2014, and a \$452,675 non-interest bearing note receivable contingent upon the occurrence of future events; however, the future events must occur before March 31, 2015. The Company recognized a \$1,870,871 gain on the sale, which is recorded in the net income (loss) from discontinued operations in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. The \$452,674 non-interest bearing note receivable that is contingent upon the occurrence of future events was not included in the gain calculation due to the uncertainty that the future events would occur.

NOTE 19 – NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARY

The Company had non-controlling interests in several of its subsidiaries. The balance of non-controlling interest as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 was as follows:

SUBSIDIARY	Non Controlling Interest %	Non-Controlling Interest at June 30, 2015				
NetSol PK	34.90%	\$	11,411,954			
NetSol-Innovation	49.90%		2,035,548			
VLS, VLHS & VLSIL Combined	49.00%		393,139			
Total		\$	13,840,641			
SUBSIDIARY	Non Controlling	I	n-Controlling interest at ne 30, 2014			
NetSol PK NetSol-Innovation VLS, VLHS & VLSIL Combined	36.62% 49.90% 49.00%	\$	14,317,233 1,546,920 260,359			
Total		\$	16,124,512			

NetSol PK

During the year ended June 30, 2015, employees of the NetSol PK exercised 76,500 options of common stock pursuant to employees exercising stock options and NetSol PK received cash \$12,185. The Company purchased 1,580,000 shares of common stock of NetSol PK from the open market for \$577,222, resulting in an overall decrease in non-controlling interest from 36.62% to 34.90%.

NetSol-Innovation

During the year ended June 30, 2015, NetSol-Innovation paid a cash dividend of \$1,500,000.